Advanced

Oxford Practice Grammar

Tests

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Test 1 Sentences

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1 He couldn't rest or sleep because ..... too much coffee.
a drinking b been drinking c had been drinking d he had been drinking

2 My brother, together with his friends, always ..... round collecting wood for bonfire night.
a go b goes c going d gone

3 Some of the girls in my group are surprised that I don't wear make-up, but I don't .....
a wear b care c do d like

4 The team all wanted coffee so I made .....
a it them b some it c some them d them some

5 The director ..... to us that there had been financial problems earlier in the year.
a concluded b offered c revealed d told

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct the sentence.

1 The tour of the palace included (A) a visit to the old kitchen where they were baking (B) bread and the huge underground wine cellar which was containing (C) thousands of bottles and felt (D) like a prison.

2 None of the children wants (A) to be in the group that has (B) to stay inside because everyone prefer (C) to go outside and play (D).

3 The old ladies were collecting money (A) for people who needed some help (B) at Christmas so, after my wife and I discussed it (C), we decided to put £20 their collection box (D).

4 Elaine handed Michael the letter (A) that someone had sent her (B) and told him to read it to me (C), but I asked him to show it me (D) because I wanted to see the signature.

5 When Fox became president (A), this seemed to be (B) the first thing that made happy (C) all the young people, especially those who had felt angry (D) with the old government leaders.

C Complete this text with appropriate forms of the verbs. Add the other words in the appropriate places.

begin catch give include sneeze fever in November it the flu

Anyone who has a history of health problems and people who are 65 or older should get a flu vaccination every year before the flu season [1] .....

Flu, or influenza, is a serious infection of the nose, throat and lungs. Symptoms [2] ....., cough, runny nose, sore throat, headache and tiredness.

Anyone can [3] ..... and [4] ..... to others. It is spread when an infected person coughs or [5] .....

D Complete each sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 Nick told one of the detectives that he had taken the cash box.
Nick admitted .....

2 The police said it was too dangerous and we were convinced.
The police persuaded .....

3 After the princess kissed the frog, he suddenly became a prince.
The frog suddenly turned .....

4 Two hours won't be enough to finish the job, he said to us.
He told .....

5 The wall is white. Someone did it yesterday.
Someone painted .....

E Complete this text with appropriate forms of the verbs plus a complement in each space.

be (×2) become seem stand alone better clear quite satisfied ready

Donald's presence certainly made a big difference to the speed we arose that day. There was no question of Tam lounging about in bed until the last minute, and we [1] ..... for work by half past seven. Donald had his own map of the job, with all the fences marked out in red ink, and the first thing he did was go for a tour of inspection, accompanied by me. We followed the hill up to the summit, and then came down by way of the cross-fence, Donald all the time checking for wire tension and, of course, straightness. When we got to the encircling fence he [2] ..... with what he'd seen.

'Hmm, quite professional,' he said.

After a while we came to the gateway that [3] ..... . Donald looked at it for a moment, and then said, 'Yes, I always think it [4] ..... to do the gate first and build the fences round it.'

Donald had put on some overalls, and it soon [5] ..... that he intended to work alongside us during his visit.

Test 2 Tenses

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1 I think Mr Wilson_____ in this school since 2005 or maybe earlier.
a teaches **b** is teaching **c** has taught **d** taught

2 I stopped watching the game before the end, but I thought we.
a had won **b** have won **c** have been winning **d** will have won

3 That's very sad news. If_____ sooner, I would have tried to help.
a I know **b** I'll know **c** I knew **d** I'd known

4 My sister_____ me once or twice since she's been living in Athens.
a was messaging **b** has messaged **c** has been messaging **d** had messaged

5 According to the memo, we're_____ the meeting at noon tomorrow.
a having **b** have **c** going have **d** will have

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct the sentence.

1 My next door neighbour, who is[A] usually shy and doesn't say[B] much, is being[C] very friendly this morning and has[D] a big party tonight for all his friends.

2 Martin was used[A] to smoke a lot when he was studying[B], but since he has been working[C] in the bank, he hasn't been smoking[D] as much.

3 People were slipping[A] on the wet floor because no one had cleaned[B] up the water that all of us were knowing[C] had leaked[D] from the coffee machine.

4 When you will make[A] a promise, you tell[B] someone that you will definitely give[C] them something or that you definitely will or won't do[D] something.

5 As we were entering[A] the building, I noticed[B] a sign that someone has put[C] above the door which said[D], 'Be alert.'

C Complete this text by choosing only one of the verbs from each pair for each space.

had decided	was walking	hadn't changed	thinking
decide	walk	wasn't changing	thought

were looking	whispered	saw	wasn't wearing
are looking	was whispering	see	didn't wear

I had a very embarrassing moment last Monday. I [1]_____ to school and [2]_____ about the weekend when I noticed that people [3]_____ at me in a strange way. I couldn't understand it, and just when I [4]_____ I was imagining things, I [5]_____ my best friend. 'Look down!' he [6]_____ to me. Then I understood. I [7]_____ any shoes. I [8]_____ out of my fluffy slippers.

D Complete each sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 We are spending £300 on repairs before we sell the car.
By the time we sell the car, we .....

2 I never had to think about my health before this.
This is the first .....

3 Juliet started working here about six years ago.
Juliet has .....

4 I didn't think it would be good, but it's really bad.
It's even worse .....

5 I haven't talked to my parents since Christmas.
It was Christmas when .....

E Complete this text with these verbs.

believe	holds	be experiencing	had	have been changing
will keep	lets	is happening	have been	have created

The world is getting warmer and the oceans are rising. Why [1] ..... this ..... ? One answer is that it could simply be part of a natural process. After all, there [2] ..... ice ages and long periods of warmth in the past, so we could just [3] ..... another warming trend. This kind of answer [4] ..... more supporters a few years ago. What scientists now [5] ..... is that human activity is the cause. For more than 200 years, humans [6] ..... gradually ..... the atmosphere, mainly as a result of industrial pollution. We [7] ..... an atmosphere around the earth that, like a giant glass container, [8] ..... heat from the sun through and then [9] ..... it in. [10] ..... temperatures and sea levels ..... rising? The general answer is unfortunately, yes.

Test 3 Modals

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1 You're 18! You're _____ to be able to look after yourself by now.
a have **b** ought **c** should **d** supposed

2 A permit is a document which states that you _____ to do something.
a are allowed **b** cannot **c** may **d** shall

3 He _____ have helped us if he'd really wanted to.
a could **b** may **c** must **d** will

4 My laptop _____ be old, but it still works really well.
a can **b** could **c** may **d** would

5 _____ someone please tell me where the library is?
a Can **b** May **c** Must **d** Should

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct the sentence.

1 They say it can[A] be going to[B] rain later so you should[C] take an umbrella or you might[D] get wet.

2 I was going to ask[A] you if you would read[B] over my essay before I have to hand[C] it in, but when you read it, you ought not be[D] too critical or negative.

3 His right hand may have been[A] badly injured and he probably won't[B] be able to[C] type, so I thought that I will[D] offer to do some typing for him.

4 Andy was so generous. If I asked him, 'Could[A] I borrow your car?', he would[B] always say, 'Of course, you could![C]', and he would[D] immediately start looking for the keys.

5 I really wish I would have[A] a car of my own so that I could[B] go for a drive in the country and I would be able to[C] go when I want to and not have to[D] wait for a bus or a train.

C Combine one modal and one verb phrase to fill each space in this text.

can	may not	must
will	won't	

be charged	be paid	be used
be familiar	be required	

Note: Credit cards are used instead of cash, interest is charged and part payment is allowed. Charge cards are used instead of cash, but no interest is charged and full payment is required.

As a new customer of the bank, you [1] _____ with the difference between a charge card and a credit card. Both cards [2] _____ instead of cash in most places to pay for goods and services. Later, when you receive your charge card bill, the total [3] _____ in full every time. However, when you receive your monthly credit card bill, you [4] _____ to pay the total amount. If you choose to pay only part of the bill, you [5] _____ interest on the amount not paid.

D Complete each sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 Students may not park here.
Students are .....

2 It's possible that his trip was cancelled at the last minute.
His trip may .....

3 She had to get up at five o'clock every morning and she didn't enjoy it.
She didn't enjoy .....

4 It was impossible for him to have committed the crime, according to the report.
He .....

5 It was a bad idea to put this shirt in the washing machine.
This shirt .....

E Complete this text with these words.

be able to | couldn't | might | was able to | would (×2)
be willing to | had to | should | was going to

'Hello! Mr Appleton!'

The voice was some distance behind him. He stopped raking the leaves and turned to see two women struggling up the driveway towards him. They were wearing identical white T-shirts which had MADD in large black letters across the front. He had a sudden strange thought that they [1] ..... be crazy people who [2] ..... spell. But they didn't look crazy. As they came closer, he [3] ..... make out smaller letters under each of the big letters, spelling out the words 'Mothers Against Drunk Driving'.

'I'm so glad we found you. I'm Nettie Albright and this is Agnes Miller.'

He shook their outstretched hands. Agnes was wearing thin gloves.

'We talked to your wife this morning and she's the one who told us we [4] ..... [5] ..... find you here. She said she hadn't really witnessed the accident, but you had. We were hoping you [6] ..... [7] ..... testify.' She [8] ..... stop and take a deep breath.

'You mean the car crash?'

'Yes, exactly, the crash. We need witnesses. That awful man says it wasn't his fault. He [9] ..... be jailed immediately! He's a menace to society. We need your help to put him away.'

It had happened one early evening in July. I [10] ..... just ..... cross the street when a car came racing through the red light, narrowly missing me, but smashing into another car in the middle of the junction. The woman in that car died. When the man who hit her turned out to be very drunk, it all changed from being an accident to being a criminal case.

Test 4 Negatives and questions

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1 What do you think _____ me?
a told **b** they told **c** didn't tell **d** did he tell

2 Why not _____ the meeting for Monday morning?
a schedule **b** scheduling **c** you schedule **d** do you schedule

3 They explained that she couldn't take the course, _____?
a could she **b** couldn't she **c** did she **d** didn't they

4 _____ real work was done in the office while the boss was away.
a Not a **b** Not any **c** No **d** None

5 Good morning, gentlemen. _____ of you is first in line?
a Which **b** Whose **c** Who **d** Whom

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct these sentences.

1 My neighbour used to say, 'How about helping[A] me carry this?' or 'Give me a hand with this, would[B] you?', but at no time he asked[C] me if I ever needed[D] help with anything.

2 I'm not trying[A] to work more, but quite often I have no[B] time for lunch or I don't have[C] much of an appetite, and so I take no longer[D] a whole hour for my lunch break.

3 I told Sarah that it wasn't[A] my party. I explained that it was my brother's party, so none of my friends had been invited[B]. I guess she didn't believe[C] me because her first question was, 'Why you didn't[D] invite me to the party?'

4 'Did you see those students cheating during the exam?' ~ 'No, but didn't you tell[A] the teacher?' 'I decided not to tell[B] her because I didn't really think it was my business and no one wants to be a tell tale, does he[C]? Don't say anything about this to anyone, will you[D]?'

5 Not[A] many people realize that a spider is no[B] insect because insects don't[C] have eight legs and none[D] of them make webs.

C Fill in the missing words in this dialogue.

A 'Isn't window-shopping fun? Look at these lovely vases. [1] _____ they beautiful?'

B 'They're okay.'

A 'Let's buy one!'

B 'With [2] _____?'

A 'Oh, come on, just one.'

B 'No, I don't think so. They're [3] _____ nicer than the ones we already have at home.'

A 'Oh, you're such a spoilsport!'

B 'No, [4] _____. I'm simply trying to avoid spending money that we haven't got!'

A '[5] _____ we buy anything at all?'

B 'No. But you can enjoy looking. That, after all, is what window-shopping means.'

D Complete each sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 The room wasn't only cold, it was also very damp.
Not _____.

2 Your sister said she gave the money to someone.
Who _____?

3 Andreas thinks that something has been stolen.
What _____?

4 She suggested that I take the train instead of driving.
She said, 'Why _____?'

5 'What's his name and where does he live?'
They asked me _____.

E Complete the text and questions with these words. Then answer the questions.

did how never no nothing what where which who why

Your parents have sent you a ticket to fly to New York where they are planning to celebrate their wedding anniversary. [1] _____ much is happening at work, you've [2] _____ been to New York and you've had [3] _____ holiday trips for more than a year, so you've quickly packed a couple of large suitcases and headed to the airport. You are now sitting on board flight YZ-23, non-stop from London to New York, waiting to take off. The flight attendant hands you a questionnaire. You decide to complete it.

[4] _____ is your flight number? _____

[5] _____ are you taking this flight? Business ☐ or Leisure ☐

[6] _____ paid for your flight? Myself ☐ or Somebody else ☐

[7] _____ you check in bags for this flight? _____

[8] At _____ airport did you board this flight? _____

[9] _____ will you leave this flight? _____

[10] _____ many flights have you made in the last 12 months? _____

Test 5 The passive

A Choose the word or phrase which best completes each sentence.

1 We were told to put it where it was usually _____.
a belonged **b** fit **c** had **d** stored

2 It wasn't the first time they had been _____ how it worked.
a taught **b** reported **c** explained **d** described

3 DNA tests _____ accepted in court cases.
a are known **b** were used **c** have been **d** will have

4 Something _____ happened or they would be here by now.
a must **b** must be **c** must have **d** must have been

5 There _____ to be serious flaws in the design.
a claimed **b** reported **c** were said **d** were told

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct these sentences.

1 When he said they weren't going to get engaged (A) because they were getting married (B) right away, I assumed he wasn't already got married (C), but I didn't know he had just got divorced (D) that day.

2 No one died (A), but four people were injured (B) and had to be taken (C) to hospital after a small plane was crashed (D) near Dublin last night.

3 The main door couldn't be opened (A). It had been locked by a special key (B) that the caretaker didn't have (C). He had been given (D) a large set of keys, but none of them fitted the main door.

4 The sign said parking was prohibited (A), but my car wasn't left (B) there more than five minutes while I ran to pick up the shoes were repaired (C) at Mendems, but I was given (D) a parking ticket anyway.

5 A new company has taken (A) over the office which located (B) next to yours and it's going to be redecorated (C) after it's been cleaned up (D) a bit.

C Complete this text with appropriate passive forms of these verb phrases plus *by*, if necessary.

believe bite consider can cure experience recommend may say

A hangover is the unpleasant physical feeling which [1] _____ the day after drinking too much alcohol. The expression 'a hair of the dog that bit you' refers to another drink of alcohol that you might have to help you recover from a hangover. In the past, it [2] _____ that, if you [3] _____ a mad dog, you [4] _____ placing a hair from that dog on the wound. This treatment [5] _____ widely _____ doctors up to the middle of the 18th century, but it [6] _____ no longer _____ effective. The same [7] _____ about trying to use more alcohol as a cure for a hangover.

D Complete each sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 'They didn't build Rome in a day.'
There's a saying that Rome .....

2 They have collected the tests and checked the answers.
The tests .....

3 A bee sting is more likely to cause death these days than a snake bite.
Death .....

4 It was reported that there were serious problems with the new design.
There .....

5 No one gave us instructions or showed us what to do.
We .....

E Choose one verb phrase from each pair to fill each space in the text.

a are feeding	c are being caused	e being hit	g brought
b are being fed	d have caused	f having hit	h was brought

i died	k frightened	m have driven	o to take
j was died	l was frightened	n have been driven	p to be taken

Thailand has a problem with unemployed elephants which [1] ..... on to the streets by the country's economic crisis and a loss of traditional employment. Many of them [2] ..... by tourists who like [3] ..... photographs of them. Major traffic problems [4] ..... by homeless elephants wandering the streets. Traffic [5] ..... to a standstill one day by a raging bull elephant which [6] ..... by the sounds of motorcycles and cars. Another elephant [7] ..... after [8] ..... by a car in Bangkok last month.

Test 6 Articles and nouns

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1 A demonstration is an act of showing by giving proof or _____ evidence.
a a b an c the d –

2 What's in this book? Look at the _____ page.
a content b contents c content's d contents'

3 Dessert is any sweet food eaten at _____ end of a meal.
a a b an c the d –

4 She worked here for a while then _____ afternoon she just quit and left.
a an b one c the d –

5 The police have a new _____ in their search for the bank robbers.
a assistance b clue c progress d information

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct the sentence.

1 Two metres (A) are (B) about the size (C) of most doorways (D).

2 I take the bus (A) to the university (B) and meet Tom at the sports complex (C) so we can play the tennis (D).

3 In one class (A) we had to do a research (B) on the language (C) used in business (D).

4 He took one pair of shoes (A), two shirts (B) and two trousers (C), but he forgot to take socks (D).

5 Teenagers (A) with credit cards (B) like to buy device's (C) and clothing (D).

C Complete this paragraph with *a*, *an*, *the* or no article (–).

In [1] _____ morning, Sam listened to [2] _____ performance by [3] _____ Royal Philharmonic Orchestra on [4] _____ radio. Then he took [5] _____ children to [6] _____ school and went on to [7] _____ hospital where he works. Two new patients were in hospital with [8] _____ virus, and [9] _____ elderly lady with [10] _____ pneumonia.

Around [11] _____ midday, he met his wife Clara who teaches [12] _____ physics at [13] _____ university. They ate [14] _____ lunch with [15] _____ Hamptons, a couple who work for [16] _____ BBC.

D Rewrite these headlines as sentences with appropriate articles and other necessary changes.

1 Masked Man Robs Woman Outside Post Office

Yesterday, ...

2 Bank of England Raising Interest Rates by 1.5%

In business news, ...

3 Murder of Priest in Kent Shocks Community

Yesterday's news of .....

4 New Account of Scottish History by English Writer Criticized

Reviewers have criticized .....

E Write the correct forms of these noun combinations, with articles, in the spaces below.

authors / report earth / health group / latest report
century / middle ~~environmental disaster / threat~~ organization / Sims challenges / urgency
destruction / environment population / world

The Earthguard Institute has issued a report warning of ♦ *the threat of environmental disaster* by [1] ..... unless we do something soon.

[2] ..... facing us requires action now,'

said Dennis Sims, one of [3] .....

[4] ..... is a watchdog group that regularly issues reports on [5] ..... and its people.

According to [6] ....., rising temperatures, falling water supplies and shrinking forests are problems that will only get worse as [7] ..... increases to 9 billion by 2050.

'People's optimism about the future is blinding them to the potential for worldwide disaster,' Sims warned. 'We must try to reduce global warming by replacing coal and oil with renewable energy sources such as wind and solar power. If we continue [8] ....., our grandchildren will inherit a wasteland.'

Test 7 Determiners and quantifiers

A Choose the word or phrase which best completes each sentence.

1 When Mary said to the dog, 'Stop wagging your tail', _____ tail started wagging faster.
a your **b** hers **c** its **d** their

2 The new job provided money for expensive toys, but not very _____ time to play with them.
a little **b** few **c** much **d** a lot

3 They said on the news that _____ of Scotland was covered in snow.
a each **b** half **c** whole **d** any

4 Cars were parked on _____ side of the street.
a all **b** both **c** each **d** every

5 She liked to say that she was just one of his _____ happy customers.
a all **b** lots of **c** many **d** some

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct the sentence.

1 All their neighbours (A) each (B) gave a little money (C) and some their friends (D) helped too.

2 A third of them (A) had blue triangles and two-thirds (B) had green squares or circles, but I didn't like either colours (C) or any of the designs (D).

3 We spent a great deal of time (A) looking through a large number of books (B) to help him find a few information (C) about Bermuda, but he knew most of it (D) already.

4 I talked to the students and all (A) think that both (B) Mike and I have lots of (C) money, but we really don't have very much (D).

5 Claire and Charlie said that they'd seen most of the Europe (A) on their trip and they both (B) mentioned that every city centre (C) was starting to look the same, with only a few exceptions (D).

C Choose the best word from each pair to complete this text.

all / both	any / some	many / a lot of	~~my / mine~~
a few / a little	either / neither	that / the	

When we were young, ♦ my _____ sister and I spent [1] _____ time together on our own. Our parents [2] _____ worked and they always seemed to be busy with [3] _____ big project. One of them was usually there when we came home from school, but sometimes [4] _____ of them could make it home before dark and they would ask our neighbour, Mrs Green, to check if we were okay. I remember one time when we were playing basketball. My sister got annoyed and threw the ball at me. I turned my back and it bounced off and hit her straight in [5] _____ face. As her nose started to bleed, Mrs Green arrived and let out a terrible shriek. We all got a fright, but there was only [6] _____ blood. It wasn't serious. We decided not to tell our parents about it.

D Complete each sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 There aren't a lot of people who are willing to help others.
Not many .....

2 We've written fifty per cent of the report already.
Half .....

3 We weren't given any explanation for the delay.
No .....

4 We all want to live forever.
All .....

E Complete this text with these words plus ***of*** where necessary.

no	many	more	most (x2)	little
twice	a great deal	88 per cent	51 per cent	

A recent article on "Injuries in Extreme Sports" in the *Journal of Orthopaedic Surgery and Research* presented a summary of the findings of medical research in that area, as well as advocating for more doctors with relevant professional expertise.

Extreme sports are activities involving high speed, real or perceived danger, [1] ..... physical exertion, specialized equipment and spectacular stunts. Participation in these activities is associated with [2] ..... [3] ..... injuries and deaths than regular sports. One major reason is that they often take place in remote locations with [4] ..... or [5] ..... access to medical care. [6] ..... the injuries reported are fairly predictable.

Since skydiving involves jumping from a plane and waiting as long as possible before opening a parachute, the majority of injuries, around [7] ....., occur during landing, with [8] ..... them involving the lower extremities.

The risk of serious injury from snowboarding is estimated at about [9] ..... that of traditional downhill skiing, with bone fractures the [10] ..... common type of injury.

The number of people participating in extreme sports continues to increase with the inevitable result that more medical professionals will be needed with specializations in orthopaedic surgery.

Test 8 Pronouns, substitution and ellipsis

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1 _____ a phone in here?
a Is **b** Is it **c** Is it's **d** Is there

2 Billy's shoes look really dirty. Didn't he bring clean _____?
a one **b** ones **c** any **d** some

3 You can't carry all those boxes. I'll get someone else to _____ for you.
a do **b** do it **c** do so **d** do these

4 He came with his parents and two friends of _____.
a them **b** their **c** theirs **d** themselves

5 I asked Megan earlier if she thought it would rain and she said, 'I _____.'
a hope **b** hope it **c** hope not **d** don't hope so

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct the sentence.

1 She didn't bring a jacket or anything[A] like that with herself[B], so I gave her one[C] of mine[D].

2 There were two men arguing with each other[A] in the car park when suddenly one[B] punched other[C] and knocked him[D] to the ground.

3 After fresh tea is made, she puts[A] milk in the tea cup, then pours[B] the tea and adds[C] a little sugar before she tastes[D].

4 The couple who bought the old pub[A] in Torbrex regarded as an opportunity[B] to make money[C] and enjoy themselves[D] too.

5 I'm not sure why it was necessary[A] to evacuate the whole airport, but there was discovered a knife[B] in someone's bag after they had gone[C] through an electronic security check without being stopped[D].

C Complete this text by writing two of these words in each space.

do (×2) else it myself someone something them

I'm not sure exactly why I became a regular blood donor. Perhaps it was because a few years ago I started feeling a need to do something positive instead of just feeling helpless in a world full of disasters. It's sort of the same feeling I would have if I saw someone drowning. It wouldn't make any difference whether I knew them or not. I would have to [1] _____ to help. If I didn't think I could save [2] _____, I would try to find [3] _____ who could [4] _____. It's the same thing for me when I give blood or when I can get other people to come with me and give blood. It's just a good thing to do.

D Complete each sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 Having wealthy parents should have been useful, but they didn't actually support her.
It _____

2 He doesn't like her and she doesn't like him.
They _____

3 Someone will be at the airport to meet you, I'm sure.
I'm sure there _____

4 To go swimming out in the ocean by yourself would not be a good idea.
It _____

5 Thousands of people were said to be affected by the rail strike.
There _____

E Complete this text with these words.

anyone anywhere him himself it me myself one ours she that

My mum and I got a guard dog because [1] _____ sometimes has to go away on business trips and didn't want to leave [2] _____ at home by [3] _____. We called [4] _____ Rufus. When Rufus was about four months old, he started barking if [5] _____ came near the cottage, especially the postman. When friends of [6] _____ came to visit, Rufus would go to the front door and growl even before we knew they were outside. We didn't train him to do [7] _____, he just seemed to train [8] _____ to be our watchdog. However, when he was about seven months old, he started growling at people in the street and barking ferociously if [9] _____ of them came near our car in a car park. It has become really embarrassing and now we can't take him [10] _____ with us. We like [11] _____ that he's protective, but we are now afraid that he might become really dangerous and even attack someone. We're not sure what to do.

Test 9 Adjectives and adverbs

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1 I'm _____ a swimmer as my sister.
a better **b** good as **c** not as good **d** so good

2 Is St Paul's the oldest cathedral _____ Britain?
a from **b** in **c** of **d** to

3 When we heard the good news, we were _____.
a delight **b** delighted **c** delighting **d** delightful

4 I'm waiting up here with Anthony, but Amber has _____ gone.
a already **b** downstairs **c** once **d** yet

5 I left the book on the table. _____, someone else has borrowed it.
a Perfectly **b** Personally **c** Presumably **d** Properly

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct the sentence.

1 I stared into the long (A) rectangular (B) black (C) hole, six deep (D) feet, and shuddered.

2 After the first real (A) attack started, some afraid (B) soldiers didn't want to fight any more (C) so they just (D) surrendered.

3 I get up early (A), shower first (B), then I drink usually (C) some tea and get dressed as fast (D) as I can.

4 We all very (A) agree that some tests are not difficult enough (B) and others are just (C) too (D) hard.

5 The Dutch (A) are playing the Italian (B) first, and then the Spanish (C) and the Portuguese (D) play.

C Add one pair of adjectives/adverbs to each sentence in this text.

already / never black / round easier / eventually further / just longer / reading
short / suddenly

1 I know I'm _____ in my 40s, but I _____ imagined that I would need glasses.

2 I _____ kept trying to read the newspaper by holding it _____ away.

3 I really had to decide whether to get _____ arms or a pair of _____ glasses.

4 _____, I chose the _____ solution.

5 _____, with my new glasses, those _____ wiggly lines at the top of the page turned into words.

6 And the _____ spots that seemed to dance on the floor became ants.

D Complete each sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 We all thought they organized the event well and we were all excited by it.
Everyone thought the event .....

2 You will get there quicker if you leave here earlier.
The earlier .....

3 Mark is a good cook, but David is a better cook.
Mark is not as .....

4 Do you have any scarves? I'm looking for one that's woollen, green and fairly long.
I'm looking for a scarf. .....

E Choose the most appropriate word from each pair for each space.

acute / acutely	colour / coloured	far / further	just / only	pleased / pleasing
certain / certainly	early / earlier	Japan / Japanese	now / yet	young / youngest

One evening in the spring of 1936, when I was a boy of 14, my father took me to a dance performance in Kyoto. I remember only two things about it. The first is that he and I were the [1] ..... Westerners in the audience; we had come from our home in the Netherlands only a few weeks [2] ....., so I had not [3] ..... adjusted to the cultural isolation and still felt it [4] ...... The second is how [5] ..... I was, after months of intensive study of the Japanese language, to find that I could now understand fragments of the conversations I overheard. As for the [6] ..... [7] ..... women dancing on the stage before me, I remember nothing of them except a vague impression of brightly [8] ..... kimono. I [9] ..... had no way of knowing that in a time and place as [10] ..... away as New York City nearly 50 years in the future, one among them would become my good friend and would dictate her extraordinary memoirs to me.

Test 10 Prepositions

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1 I know I don't look like everyone else, but I don't like it when people stare _____ me.
a at **b** on **c** to **d** –

2 Please don't call me until _____ eight o'clock on Saturday morning.
a after **b** at **c** by **d** to

3 I _____ waiting here for you since 8.30.
a am **b** was **c** have been **d** will be

4 The United Nations is drawing up an economic plan aimed at _____ East Timor with a stronger economy based on coffee.
a provide **b** provides **c** to provide **d** providing

5 If you borrow something from someone, make sure you give _____.
a them back to it **b** back it to them **c** it back to them **d** it to them back

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct the sentence.

1 According[A] to a recent report, more students are choosing to work in[B] part-time jobs instead[C] using their weekends to study during[D] term-time.

2 For[A] a whole week Loretta came to[B] class on[C] every day with[D] her hair a different colour.

3 Between[A] 1850 and 1900, coal production off[B] the US rose from[C] 14 million tons to[D] 100 million.

4 The ball went between[A] the legs of another player, past[B] me towards[C] the goal, and rolled through[D] the goal line.

5 The children were laughing at[A] a cartoon in[B] which a cat on[C] a wobbly ladder kept trying to get a small bird out[D] its cage.

C Choose one preposition from each pair for each space in the text.

at / in	away / up	during / for
from / of	off / out of	to / towards

Does the new 'global economy' simply mean that well-paid jobs will be taken [1] _____ [2] _____ people in rich countries and changed [3] _____ low-paid jobs for people [4] _____ poorer countries? Is this a bad thing? It may actually mean that some poor people who have been [5] _____ work [6] _____ a long time can start to have a better life and other people will have to work a bit harder to maintain their comfortable lifestyle.

D Complete each sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 This building will be closed for renovation from the beginning to the end of August.
During .....

2 What else did you do in addition to shopping when you were in Rome?
Besides .....

3 Haven't you eaten anything else today besides the apple I gave you earlier?
Apart .....

4 We won't be able to do much unless we get more financial support.
Without .....

E Complete this text using these prepositions.

across along at by into of past towards under with

Whenever I see a newspaper lying on the ground beside a door, I think of Jacob. A few years ago, Jacob had to travel to a meeting and his flight was delayed for several hours because of bad weather. [1] ..... the time he got to his hotel it was [2] ..... midnight. Once in his room, he felt really tired so he just undressed and got into bed. [3] ..... some point during the night, he had to get up and go to the bathroom. He wasn't really awake and it was very dark, but he could see a light [4] ..... the bathroom door, so he walked [5] ..... the light. He opened the bathroom door and went in. The bright light blinded him for a moment. As the door closed behind him, he vaguely wondered why there was a doormat on the bathroom floor. Facing him was another door [6] ..... a number on it. It was number 325. That was strange. Then he realized he wasn't in the bathroom. He was in the corridor. He turned to go back [7] ..... his room, but the door was locked. And he was naked. He heard voices coming from the far end of the corridor. What was he going to do? Then he noticed a newspaper on the floor beside the door [8] ..... number 325. He quickly grabbed the newspaper and held it in front of him as a man and a woman in dark uniforms came [9] ..... the corridor towards him. The man said, 'Good morning, sir. Having a bit of trouble?' They were security guards. Jacob explained his embarrassing situation and they unlocked the door for him. He thanked them as if they had just saved his life. After they left, he opened his door, made sure it wouldn't close again, stepped [10] ..... the corridor and put the newspaper back on the floor outside number 325. Someone else might need that newspaper.

Test 11 Infinitives and gerunds

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1 You know they don't allow _____ in here.
a eat and drink **b** you eat and drink **c** to eat and drink **d** eating and drinking

2 He never _____ doing that.
a agreed **b** concentrated **c** mentioned **d** persuaded

3 Flights kept _____ because of bad weather.
a delaying **b** being delayed **c** having delayed **d** having been delayed

4 In my dream, Brad Pitt offered me a ride on his motorbike and I told him I'd rather _____.
a walk **b** walking **c** walked **d** to walk

5 Mrs Jacobson reminded us of the importance _____ our passports in a safe place.
a keep **b** keeping **c** to keep **d** of keeping

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct the sentences.

1 I really do regret not to learn (A) to play (B) the piano when I had so many opportunities to learn (C) and practise (D) in school.

2 When I asked the students to help me move (A) the chairs, some girls volunteered to carry (B) one each for me and some boys offered to take (C) the others, but Mark refused me to help (D) at all.

3 When we're ready to leave (A) the house, my mother always tells us wait (B) while she checks in the kitchen because she's afraid to go (C) out without making (D) sure everything is turned off.

4 I will never forget to visit (A) Egypt as a child. It was so exciting to stand (B) beside the pyramids. When it was time for us to go (C) home, my parents say I cried and begged them not to leave (D).

5 It really is better to ask (A) for help instead of pretending to know (B) how to do (C) something when you are probably not capable to do (D) it at all.

C Add these pairs of verbs to this text, with the first verb in an appropriate tense and the second verb as an infinitive or gerund.

allow / go assume / be hear / sneeze remember / tell smell / burn

I had just arrived at the International Adventure Camp in Florida. They had spent the afternoon assigning us to our cabins and telling us all the rules. The evening meal was pizza. Now it was after ten o'clock and we were all [1] _____ in bed asleep. I was still awake, stretched out on the uncomfortable camp bed, when I [2] _____ someone _____ outside the cabin window. Just once, then silence. I [3] _____ the camp leader _____ us that we weren't [4] _____ outside after dark. Someone was breaking that rule. Then I thought I could [5] _____ a cigarette _____. There was another rule against that.

D Complete each sentence, using an infinitive or gerund, in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 It's sometimes hard finding a place to park.
A place to park .....

2 Is keeping all these old files really necessary?
Is it really necessary .....

3 He shouldn't buy a new car now.
It would be a mistake for .....

4 Amy was bitten by a dog when she was very young and she still remembers it.
Amy still remembers .....

5 The boy said that he hadn't done anything wrong.
The boy denied .....

E Add one of these verbs as an infinitive or gerund in each space in this text.

go look put start regain do keep lose stop try

If it's so hard to lose weight, why do people keep [1] .....? Because they want [2] ..... better is the usual answer. The problem is that going on a diet is likely [3] ..... more harm than good, according to health experts. There is a strong tendency [4] ..... all the weight lost within one year of [5] ..... the diet. Only three per cent of those who take off weight have been found [6] ..... it off for at least three years. Moreover, the 'yo-yo' pattern of [7] ..... a diet, [8] ..... some weight and then [9] ..... it back on may be more harmful to an individual than not [10] ..... on a diet in the first place.

Test 12 Reporting

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1 They recommended that the windows _____ opened.
a had to **b** not be **c** ought not to **d** should not

2 He _____ to take part.
a advised not them **b** invited not them **c** offered them not **d** ordered them not

3 She _____ that she liked cold coffee.
a described **b** replied **c** spoke **d** talked

4 The teachers were talking about a trip to see castles and the students were wondering _____.
a why to go. **b** where they go? **c** when it was. **d** what were they?

5 Her father _____ that Ellen had been to Prague before.
a mentioned **b** persuaded **c** reminded **d** told

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct the sentence.

1 We thought flying would be (A) faster, but when Thomas suggested she go (B) by train Marla realized she had (C) enough time and she will be able (D) to see all the small towns along the way.

2 Because I suspected that our bill was too high (A), I asked our waiter if he would check it (B) again and he agreed me (C) there had been (D) a mistake.

3 Jessica was complaining to the coach that she felt tired (A) and told him she had to rest (B), but he encouraged not to quit (C) and said she didn't have (D) much farther to go.

4 One student inquired about if (A) it was okay to ask what was going (B) to be in the test and the teacher's only comment was that (C) he had already told them what would be tested (D).

5 We've invited Josh to come (A) and he's offered us to bring (B) extra food, but Linda has warned us (C) that he sometimes promises to do things (D) then forgets completely.

C Complete this text with appropriate forms of the verbs.

ask explain point out reply not say not speak talk tell

In her best-selling book *You Just Don't Understand*, Deborah Tannen recalled a joke that her father liked to [1] _____ people. In the joke, a woman went to court to get a divorce from her husband. When the judge [2] _____ her why she wanted a divorce, she [3] _____ that her husband [4] _____ anything to her in two years. The judge turned to the husband and asked him why he [5] _____ to his wife in two years. The husband [6] _____, 'I didn't want to interrupt her.' Tannen [7] _____ that the joke was based on an old-fashioned stereotype of women: that they [8] _____ all the time. Her research had shown that it was, in fact, a false stereotype.

D Complete each sentence using indirect speech in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 'I will buy the flowers myself.'
Mrs Dalloway said .....

2 'Henry, did you leave your keys in the door?'
She asked .....

3 An announcement was made that the strike was over.
There was .....

4 'I shall return tomorrow.'
His only comment .....

5 It surprised us that he said, 'I won't do it.'
His statement that .....

6 I remember one time when my aunt said to me, 'Don't talk with your mouth full.'
I remember one time when my aunt told .....

7 They said, 'You can stay at our house.'
They invited .....

E Rewrite each of these sentences as indirect speech or a summary report in each space.

'Do you know where Rob is?' 'I'm sorry.'
'I'll be there by eight o'clock.' 'I think he went out about half an hour ago.'
'I forgot that I promised to take my mother into town this morning.'

I was sitting in my living room, surrounded by my luggage, waiting for Rob to come and drive me to the airport. It was already twenty past eight and there was still no sign of him. He had said [1] ...... I had already tried to call him at home. His younger sister answered, so I asked her [2] ...... She sounded sleepy, but said [3] ...... Normally it would only take about five minutes to drive from his place to mine, so something had gone wrong. Suddenly the phone rang. It was Rob. He [4] ..... for being late and explained [5] ...... It wasn't the first time his forgetfulness had made me nervous and his mother had made me take second place in his plans.

Test 13 Noun clauses

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1 Can you understand ..... ?

a she is saying **b** what is saying **c** what she is saying **d** what is she saying

2 ..... you wait or come back later is up to you.

a If **b** That **c** When **d** Whether

3 They will recommend that she ..... soon.

a leave **b** is leaving **c** left **d** will leave

4 Elizabeth explained during the meeting that it was a ..... of what should have priority.

a belief **b** fact **c** possibility **d** question

5 The regulations ..... that a lawyer always be present during any interrogations.

a assure **b** require **c** seem **d** state

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed to correct the sentence.

1 Amber stayed with John (A) wasn't surprising, but it was obvious to everyone that they had decided (B) they were just friends (C) and that marriage wasn't in their plans. (D)

2 He didn't know who (A) it was and couldn't imagine why (B) they did it, but there must have been somebody that (C) started the rumour which (D) he was from London and very wealthy.

3 I heard about that the director said (A) to them that he didn't think it (B) necessary that he should have (C) to agree with everything they proposed (D).

4 It became obvious (A) that a lot of students didn't like that (B) their new teacher considered it (C) essential that they do homework (D) every night.

5 Martin told me that (A) he wanted to remind that (B) what was important (C) was not the cost, but how well the job was done. (D)

C In the original version of this paragraph there were six conjunctions (five ***thats*** and one ***how***) introducing noun clauses. One example is shown. Add the others in appropriate places.

Categorization plays a crucial role in human cognition, yet we give little thought to this process. Indeed, it seems that most of us have a very simple idea of categorization works: we take it for granted categories have clear boundaries, and all members of a given category must have something in common. If we consider the purpose of categorization, we see it is not surprising we hold such a view.

D Complete each sentence with a noun clause in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence(s) above it.

1 His parents weren't English. He didn't conceal it.
He .....

2 Why anyone would want to jump out of a plane and put their trust in a parachute has always been a big mystery to me.
It .....

3 We expected that no one would be there.
Our .....

4 Her comments had upset Mark's mother. Bridget was sorry about that.
Bridget .....

5 These apples don't look very nice, but they're delicious.
Despite .....

E In each space, write an appropriate form of one of these words or phrases and, where necessary, ***that***, ***if*** or ***when***.

argue feel notice emotion view concede know rule out reason to unfair

Kanzi is an adult bonobo, or pygmy chimp, kept at Georgia State University in Atlanta. He has grown up among humans, and is adept at communicating with symbols. He understands some spoken English, and can respond to phrases such as 'go out of the cage' and 'do you want a banana?'

Jared Taglialatela and Sue Savage-Rumbaugh, who work with Kanzi, [1] ..... he was making gentle noises during his interactions with them. 'We wanted to [2] ..... there was any rhyme or [3] ..... they were produced,' says Taglialatela.

So his team studied 100 hours of videotape showing Kanzi's day-to-day interactions and analyzed the sounds he made at various times. They picked situations in which the bonobo's actions were unambiguous: for example, while he was eating a banana, pointing to the symbol for 'grapes', or responding to a request to go outside the cage.

They identified four sounds Kanzi made in different contexts: banana, grapes, juice and yes. In each context, Kanzi made the same sound. 'We haven't taught him this,' says Taglialatela. 'He's doing it on his own.'

Some will [4] ..... the sounds are simply the result of differences in Kanzi's emotional state. Taglialatela [5] ..... emotions may play a part, but says they are not the whole story. For instance, Kanzi's sound for 'yes' stayed the same across very different emotional states.

Primatologist Frans de Waal of Emory University in Atlanta, Georgia, agrees. '[6] ..... is involved doesn't [7] ..... he's following rules that have some sort of cognitive component.'

Kanzi is just the latest primate to challenge the [8] ..... animals have no language ability. Language used to be popularly defined as symbolic communication until Washoe, a chimpanzee, stumped everyone by learning to communicate in American Sign Language. 'The linguists then came up with a definition that emphasized syntax much more than symbols,' says de Waal. 'Sometimes we [9] ..... it's a bit [10] ..... they move the goalposts as soon as we get near.'

Test 14 Relative clauses

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1 The house I grew up _____ has been demolished and replaced by an office building.
a in **b** in it **c** in that **d** in which

2 Fieldwork is practical work _____ outside the school or office.
a doing **b** done **c** which do **d** that does

3 A letterbox is a narrow opening in a door through _____ mail is delivered.
a it **b** that **c** which **d** where

4 I didn't recognize the man who she was talking to _____.
a him **b** her **c** his wife **d** –

5 Could you ask those _____ outside to make less noise?
a wait **b** waiting **c** waited **d** to wait

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct the sentence.

1 Her new boyfriend, who's from Denmark (A), seems nicer than Jordy, who was from Spain (B), or Toby, that had really long hair (C), and whom nobody really liked (D).

2 A slot is a narrow opening through which something (A) can be put or a channel into which something (B) fits or along something (C) slides or a position for something (D) in a timetable.

3 I have friends who (A) had a baby a few years ago when (B) we were neighbours in Wimbledon and, every time when (C) I go back to visit them, their child, whose (D) name is Sam, seems to have grown another ten centimetres.

4 We had about ten people helping (A) us carry our belongings to a van parked (B) outside when there was a sudden crash making (C) us turn round to find the big mirror lying (D) in pieces on the ground.

5 Everyone who was on the committee (A) agreed that we should set aside some of the money we had collected (B) to pay whoever still had to be paid (C) for their work and then we should put all which was left (D) into a savings account.

C Complete this text. Use appropriate words to begin the relative clauses.

Genetic engineers, [1] _____ success stories include crops [2] _____ will grow in areas [3] _____ they have never grown before, have produced their first genetically engineered insect. [4] _____ is being called the 'biotech moth' is a modified version of a small moth known to attack and destroy cotton plants. This new version will be sterile, so it will produce no offspring. The Department of Agriculture is planning an experiment in [5] _____ some 3,600 of these biotech moths will be set free under large screened cages in a cotton field. The goal is to have a moth-free field in one generation.

D Complete each of the sentences using a relative clause so that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 Betty is derived from the name Elizabeth.
Elizabeth is the name .....

2 Her parents were born in India.
India is .....

3 I liked Hemingway's short stories best.
Hemingway is the author .....

4 Her parents will never like me, no matter what I do.
Whatever .....

5 He talked about humanism during the first lecture.
I was at the first lecture, ...

E Add one of these sentences, changed to an appropriate relative clause, to each space.

it is called a beanstalk	they grow very quickly
he suspects something is wrong	he then cuts it down
he steals some things from him	his mother thinks they are worthless
it is often told to children	he is chasing him
he discovers a giant there	he sells a cow

Jack and the Beanstalk is a traditional tale or fairy story [1] ..... . Jack is a boy [2] ..... for three magic beans [3] ....., but [4] ..... into a really tall plant [5] ..... . Jack climbs up the beanstalk into the clouds [6] ..... [7] ..... .

The giant, [8] ....., tries to find Jack and recites the famous lines:

'Fee, fi, fo, fum, I smell the blood of an Englishman.

Be he alive or be he dead, I'll grind his bones to make my bread.'

Jack escapes down the beanstalk, [9] ....., so that the giant, [10] ....., falls to the ground and is killed.

Test 15 Conditionals

A Choose the word or phrase which best completes each sentence.

1 What's a miracle? Well, popcorn's a miracle if you _____ know how it's made.
a didn't **b** don't **c** won't **d** wouldn't

2 Some of you may have already completed section one. _____, you can go on to section two.
a If so **b** If you do **c** If you may **d** If not

3 In summer, if my dad finished work early, he _____ sometimes take us swimming.
a is **b** was **c** will **d** would

4 If you don't mind, I _____ finish my coffee before we leave.
a would **b** would have **c** would like **d** would rather

5 If they'd _____ Justin more time, he'd have been able to do a better job.
a give **b** giving **c** given **d** gave

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct the sentence.

1 If I were[A] late, they usually made[B] me stay[C] after school and I had[D] to do extra homework.

2 We must[A] maintain a system of law, and support[B] a police force. If we don't[C], the criminals would[D] soon be in charge.

3 I'm not the kind of person who goes[A] around thinking[B] if only I have[C] done this or that. I just feel[D] lucky.

4 Things will be[A] better if I will get[B] a job and earn[C] some money so I don't have[D] to live with my parents.

5 The Czech Republic's top general once warned[A] staff officers they will lose[B] their jobs if only[C] they don't learn[D] English, according to a story in the news.

C Complete this article, tips on how to learn a language, with one suitable word in each space.

Spend some time in a country where people speak the language. For example, [1] _____ you go to Paris, you [2] _____ learn French more quickly than if you [3] _____ classes at home. But it's better to go alone. If you [4] _____ with your friends in a group, you're more likely to speak your native language with them.

Try to find a job. If you [5] _____ in a restaurant in Salamanca, you [6] _____ have to speak Spanish to the customers all day. You could also think about who you live with. Imagine how fantastic your Spanish would be by the time you went home if you [7] _____ with Spanish people!

D Complete each of the sentences in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 The party is not likely to happen because no one is willing to help.
Unless .....

2 She didn't escape injury; she wasn't wearing a crash helmet.
If only .....

3 I still loved her despite the fact that she could be very difficult.
Even though .....

4 We're leaving tomorrow if you like the idea or if you don't like the idea.
Whether .....

5 I arrived late; the traffic was so bad.
I'm sorry, but if .....

E Complete this text with the following clauses.

whether you're getting an error message	if your queue gets bogged down
if you have received no error messages	if you are still having a problem
even if your printer is an older model	if any print jobs are on hold
if any print jobs are on hold	if your printer won't print
if it's a wireless model	if necessary

Printers are great when they do their job quietly and efficiently, but [1] ....., it can be a very frustrating experience. What should you do [2] .....? [3] ..... or your printer simply won't respond, you should take a deep breath and follow these basic steps.

First, [4] ....., check to be sure that the printer is still connected via USB or, [5] ....., that you are connected to the right network. Check the print queue to find out [6] .....[7] ....., it can cause the printer to grind to a halt. [8] ....., you should still be able to print from a mobile device.

[9] ....., go to the troubleshooting section in the User Manual, or, [10] ....., contact Technical Support.

Test 16 Adverbial clauses

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1 Players may not leave the area without permission _____ the game is being played.
a despite **b** during **c** much as **d** while

2 Remember to wear a helmet _____ your head is protected.
a in order that **b** so as **c** that **d** to

3 _____ they had been waiting in line all night, I was sure they'd get tickets.
a As though **b** Because of **c** Since **d** Until

4 Amelia said it was _____ lovely weather they all went swimming.
a as **b** as if **c** so **d** such

5 Once you _____ into a routine, you'll find the work is quite easy.
a are settling **b** have settled **c** settled **d** will settle

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct the sentence.

1 They didn't (A) think he had (B) been to visit (C) his birthplace since he is (D) a small child.

2 Some British people put a 'GB' plate on the back of their car so that (A) to show that (B) the car is from Great Britain when (C) they drive to other countries, even though (D) it seems rather odd.

3 When cooking (A) previously frozen vegetables, use about half as much time as you would (B) for fresh vegetables because becoming (C) softer after they have been kept (D) in a freezer.

4 For (A) it was late, they stopped near a stream in order to (B) rest the horses and so as not to (C) get lost while (D) riding through the forest.

5 Much (A) as I liked her paintings, I couldn't act as (B) she was Picasso or someone like that when (C) she clearly was a beginner, though (D) very good for a beginner, of course.

C Complete this text with the following words.

after as because to when (×2)

In Britain, [1] _____ you need legal advice, you go to see a solicitor. Solicitors spend most of their time in their offices [2] _____ their work mostly involves preparing legal documents, especially those involved in buying a house. They can, [3] _____ necessary, go to court with you, but, [4] _____ taking down details of a serious legal matter, they will often contact a barrister [5] _____ represent you in court. [6] _____ you may have seen in films or on TV, barristers wear white curly wigs and black robes in court.

D Complete each sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence above it.

1 It was late and I was exhausted, so I went straight to bed.
Because .....

2 There will have to be a change in his attitude or he won't continue to work here.
In order for .....

3 From the way he talked, I thought he owned the restaurant.
He talked .....

4 Finish your homework, then you can go out.
You can't .....

5 I know he's your friend, but he can't sleep here.
Even .....

6 We left half an hour earlier than necessary because we didn't want to be late.
So as .....

E Choose one word or phrase from each pair to complete the text.

although	as easy as	as if	just	as much	despite	so that	though
and so	so easy	if	just as	as much as	despite the fact	whereas	even

[1] ..... a lot has been written and said about class differences in British society, they no longer mean [2] ..... they used to. Traditionally, the upper classes were wealthy and powerful [3] ..... the lower or working classes were poor. Nowadays, some of the upper classes may still seem to behave and speak [4] ..... their social status continues to be [5] ..... it was for their aristocratic ancestors, but it is no longer based on exclusive wealth and power. Maintaining large houses with lots of servants is not [6] ..... it used to be and, strange [7] ..... it may seem, some new owners of those large British country houses in fact come from halfway across the world. [8] ..... that their parents may have been middle or working class, many of today's wealthy Britons achieved success based on education and enterprise, not birth and inheritance.

Test 17 Connectors and focus structures

A Choose the word or phrase that best completes these sentences.

1 These plants usually flower in spring, _____ won't if there is frost.
a but **b** however **c** nevertheless **d** otherwise

2 I enjoyed reading the story. It was rather sad, _____.
a also **b** but **c** so **d** though

3 Jasmine is working as a dental assistant. What she does is _____ people's teeth.
a clean **b** cleans **c** cleaning **d** to clean

4 Tickets are required for admission. _____, those who don't have a ticket won't get in.
a Consequently **b** Rather **c** Similarly **d** Subsequently

5 Desert flowers can be invisible for years _____ appear suddenly after heavy rain.
a actually, but **b** alternatively or **c** consequently and **d** nevertheless, so

B Identify the one underlined expression (A, B, C or D) that must be changed in order to correct these sentences.

1 To begin with[A], she insisted that, in addition to[B] her children, she should be allowed to bring their pets; that is[C], she wanted as well[D] to bring a dog and two cats.

2 For many years, coal was not only[A] readily available, but it was also[B] very cheap in comparison[C] other types of fuel and consequently[D] it was used in all the factories.

3 As a matter of fact[A], we had just heard about the problem and, because of that[B], we didn't stay actually[C] in London very long afterwards[D].

4 In conclusion[A], the new rules state that, in accordance with[B] our agreement, workers who previously[C] did extra work without extra pay must now receive overtime pay. As a result that[D] those who are asked to do extra work will receive additional payment.

5 In the meantime[A], some of us had to stay in the old building, though[B] it was rather primitive. For a start[C], there was no hot water. In addition to[D] there were cockroaches everywhere.

C Choose the most appropriate phrase for each space in this text.

after all for example in addition in the meantime so

The difficulty of getting people to pay attention to the problem of rising sea levels is that it often has to compete with, [1] _____, news of rising food prices or an increase in violent crime. [2] _____, you are unlikely to worry about flooding in the future if, [3] _____, you can't afford to eat or you're about to be shot. [4] _____, most of us don't live anywhere near the sea. [5] _____ why should we worry about it?

D Complete each sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence(s) above it.

1 There wasn't any butter. We used margarine instead.
Instead .....

2 You can only get dishes and bowls with this design in Poland.
Only .....

3 We didn't discover the mistake until much later.
Not .....

4 Flooding causes most of the damage in spring.
It's .....

5 She left because he was so unpleasant.
It was .....

6 I know that the main road is blocked.
All .....

7 He went to the party by himself.
What he .....

8 Rose is hoping to travel across Canada by train.
What .....

E Complete this paragraph using only one word or phrase from each pair.

afterwards	as result of	in contrast	similarly
next	the result is	in particular	it's the same

that	in the beginning	what
that is	to begin with	why

[1] ..... I'd like to do today is introduce some important terms that you will become familiar with during this class. [2] ....., there is the term 'greenhouse effect'. A greenhouse is a building with glass sides and a glass roof which trap heat from the sun and hold it inside the building. [3] ....., the polluted atmosphere surrounding the earth is now trapping and holding the heat of the sun, causing temperatures to rise. [4] ....., the polluted atmosphere is having the same kind of effect as a greenhouse. [5] ....., there is the term 'greenhouse gases'. These are the gases which are polluting the atmosphere. [6] ....., one gas called carbon dioxide, which is produced when things like coal and oil are burned, accumulates in the atmosphere and is a direct cause of the greenhouse effect. [7] ..... the greenhouse effect, we are now experiencing a phenomenon known as 'global warming', which is a more general term for increased world temperatures.

Exit Test

There are four spaces in each of the following paragraphs.
Choose the best answer (a, b, c or d) for each space.

1 After police arrested a man for breaking into a supermarket, they discovered that the thief was actually a teenage girl dressed as a man. Although they informed [1] _____ she didn't have to [2] _____ them anything, the girl confessed [3] _____ she had done it [4] _____ her family because they had no money and they were hungry.

1	a) *her that*	b) *that*	c) *that her*	d) *to her that*
2	a) *admit*	b) *explain*	c) *report*	d) *tell*
3	a) *that*	b) *that to them*	c) *them that*	d) *them to that*
4	a) *by*	b) *for*	c) *that*	d) *to*

2 It was [1] _____ late and I was beginning to [2] _____ tired, so I asked Rachel to finish her drawing and tidy up. She held the drawing up for me to see. It [3] _____ a big black dog that [4] _____ sitting at a table.

1	a) *becoming*	b) *being*	c) *getting*	d) *going*
2	a) *feel*	b) *feel as*	c) *feel it*	d) *feel to be*
3	a) *looked*	b) *looked as*	c) *looked for*	d) *looked like*
4	a) *seemed*	b) *seemed like*	c) *seemed to be*	d) *seemed was*

3 The residents of Montclair valley are [1] _____ only upset about some recent changes, but they're also very angry because [2] _____ consulted. Some families have lived and [3] _____ crops in the valley for many years, [4] _____ now their way of life is being threatened by developers who plan to build hundreds of new houses in the area.

1	a) *both*	b) *either*	c) *neither*	d) *not*
2	a) *wasn't*	b) *weren't*	c) *it wasn't*	d) *they weren't*
3	a) *grew*	b) *grow*	c) *growing*	d) *grown*
4	a) *after*	b) *before*	c) *but*	d) *or*

4 Because it [1] _____ a lot recently, I [2] _____ out as much and I suspect you will have been [3] _____ why I haven't been in touch. I'm sorry about the long silence, but I [4] _____ to phone you this week and maybe we can arrange to meet for lunch on Friday or Saturday.

1	a) *has been raining*	b) *is raining*	c) *rain*	d) *rains*
2	a) *am not going*	b) *don't go*	c) *haven't gone*	d) *never go*
3	a) *believing*	b) *knowing*	c) *realizing*	d) *wondering*
4	a) *am promising*	b) *have been promising*	c) *have promised*	d) *promise*

5 My grandfather said that when he [1] _____ up, he lived on a farm. During the summer, he [2] _____ to get up early every morning and work all day on the farm. He said that most people [3] _____ to go away on holiday, as they do now. But he [4] _____ feeling unhappy or deprived or anything like that because all of his friends were in the same situation.

1 a) *had been growing* b) *had grown* c) *was growing* d) *was grown*
2 a) *had been* b) *has* c) *was having* d) *would have*
3 a) *didn't use* b) *haven't used* c) *wasn't used* d) *weren't used*
4 a) *didn't remember* b) *hadn't been remembering* c) *hadn't remembered* d) *wasn't remembering*

6 As soon as the war was over, the refugees [1] _____ to go back to the villages they [2] _____ about five years earlier. When they arrived, they [3] _____ that other groups from the east had moved into the ruined houses and [4] _____ rebuilding them.

1 a) *have tried* b) *had tried* c) *tried* d) *were tried*
2 a) *have left* b) *had left* c) *leave* d) *were left*
3 a) *have found* b) *had found* c) *found* d) *were found*
4 a) *are* b) *have* c) *had* d) *were*

7 Paul and Jack meet in the corridor as Jack is locking his office door.

Paul: Oh, hello. I [1] _____ put this report in your in tray, but perhaps you'd rather take it now.

Jack: Oh, thanks. Actually, I [2] _____ have lunch right now, but if you put it in my in tray, I [3] _____ it as soon as I [4] _____ back.

1 a) *'ll* b) *'m going to* c) *shall* d) *was going to*
2 a) *'ll* b) *'m going to* c) *shall* d) *would*
3 a) *'ll be reading* b) *'ll have read* c) *'ll read* d) *read*
4 a) *get* b) *'ll be getting* c) *'ll get* d) *'ll have got*

8 I'm not sure where Karen is. She [1] _____ have been waiting outside her house this morning so that we [2] _____ give her a lift to work, but she wasn't there. Of course, she might [3] _____ sleeping and didn't hear us. If she had decided to take the bus, she [4] _____ arrived by now. I hope she isn't sick.

1 a) *may* b) *must* c) *ought* d) *should*
2 a) *can* b) *can be* c) *could* d) *could have*
3 a) *be* b) *been* c) *have* d) *have been*
4 a) *will be* b) *will have* c) *would be* d) *would have*

9 Don't you hate it when people say things like 'Let's be careful, [1] _____ we?'? It always sounds to me as if two of us [2] _____ to do something together, but in fact the other person [3] _____ doing anything. [4] _____ prefer it if they just said, 'You should be careful', because that's what they really mean.

1 a) *will* b) *would* c) *shall* d) *should*
2 a) *are going* b) *will* c) *will be* d) *would*
3 a) *won't* b) *won't be* c) *won't have* d) *won't to*
4 a) *I'd* b) *I'll* c) *I'm* d) *I've*

10 The best summer holiday I [1] _____ was when I was ten and I went to stay with my grandparents for a few weeks. At that time they were living in the country and [2] _____ still go for long walks through the woods. I [3] _____ to climb trees and run around with their dog. I [4] _____ go near the lake by myself, but my grandfather sometimes took me fishing there.

1	a) *am remembering*	b) *can remember*	c) *must remember*	d) *was remembering*
2	a) *can*	b) *could*	c) *may*	d) *might*
3	a) *could*	b) *could be*	c) *could have*	d) *was able*
4	a) *can't*	b) *may not*	c) *might not*	d) *wasn't allowed to*

11 Tommy, [1] _____ better slow down and wait for the rest of us. I'm sure we have lots of time, so we [2] _____ to run. We don't [3] _____ stop and buy tickets and there are still lots of people on the platform, so the train [4] _____ come yet.

1	a) *you'd*	b) *you'll*	c) *you're*	d) *you've*
2	a) *aren't need*	b) *don't need*	c) *needn't*	d) *needn't have*
3	a) *have to*	b) *have got to*	c) *must*	d) *must have to*
4	a) *can't*	b) *can't be*	c) *can't have*	d) *couldn't*

12 Joe has just returned to the school computer room where Sam is working.

Joe: Who [1] _____ been using my computer?

Sam: I have [2] _____ idea. But these computers are for any student who wants to use them, [3] _____?

Joe: Of course. But [4] _____ you see me doing my work on that one before lunch? I hope I remembered to save it.

1	a) *has*	b) *has he*	c) *have*	d) *have they*
2	a) *no*	b) *no longer*	c) *not*	d) *not an*
3	a) *aren't they*	b) *can't it*	c) *don't they*	d) *isn't it*
4	a) *aren't*	b) *didn't*	c) *don't*	d) *haven't*

13 Liz is helping Lucy clean out her flat.

Liz: Did you want to keep all these old books or [1] _____?

Lucy: I'm not sure. They look interesting, but [2] _____ of them would be worth anything.

Liz: So, [3] _____ of them do you think [4] _____ going to keep?

1	a) *no*	b) *none*	c) *not*	d) *nothing*
2	a) *none*	b) *no one*	c) *not any*	d) *nothing*
3	a) *for what*	b) *for which*	c) *what*	d) *which*
4	a) *are*	b) *are you*	c) *you*	d) *you are*

14 The Star Tree hotel chain is in financial trouble and some of their smaller hotels are going to have [1] _____. Rising costs [2] _____ for recent losses and many smaller hotels [3] _____ to have been losing money for many years. No buyer has yet [4] _____ for the properties.

1 a) *been sold* b) *being sold* c) *sold* d) *to be sold*
2 a) *are being blamed* b) *blamed* c) *have blamed* d) *to be blamed*
3 a) *are reported* b) *are reporting* c) *been reported* d) *have reported*
4 a) *been found* b) *being found* c) *found* d) *to be found*

15 'The Waste Land' is [1] _____ title of [2] _____ poem by T.S. Eliot, first published in 1922. [3] _____ style of the poem has had a great influence on [4] _____ modern poetry.

1 a) *a* b) *an* c) *the* d) –
2 a) *a* b) *an* c) *the* d) –
3 a) *a* b) *an* c) *the* d) –
4 a) *a* b) *an* c) *the* d) –

16 'I don't call this [1] _____ progress,' says Rob Harding, owner of [2] _____ small business in the city centre. He complains that an hour and fifteen minutes [3] _____ become his typical commuting time every morning. 'It used to take only twenty minutes. There's just too much [4] _____ now.'

1 a) *a* b) *one* c) *the* d) –
2 a) *a* b) *an* c) *the* d) –
3 a) *are* b) *has* c) *have* d) *is*
4 a) *car* b) *cars* c) *motor* d) *traffic*

17 I'm really enjoying my new job. All of [1] _____ people I work with are friendly and I haven't had [2] _____ problems so far. The best part is that I get paid [3] _____ two weeks instead of waiting [4] _____ month between pay days like in my last job.

1 a) *that* b) *the* c) *them* d) –
2 a) *any* b) *much* c) *some* d) *no*
3 a) *all* b) *both* c) *each* d) *every*
4 a) *a whole* b) *the whole of* c) *whole* d) *whole of*

18 Last year we had [1] _____ more rain in the early spring and it made [2] _____ in the garden grow better. We probably had three or four [3] _____ strawberries as we're getting this year. I checked the strawberries in the garden this morning, but there [4] _____ that were ripe.

1 a) *a large number of* b) *a lot of* c) *many* d) *much* 2 a) *all* b) *each* c) *every* d) *everything*
3 a) *time as many* b) *time as much* c) *times as many* d) *times as much*
4 a) *was only a little* b) *was only little* c) *were only a few* d) *were only few*

19 I was sitting at my desk when there was a loud crash as something came flying through the window. At first I thought it was a rock, but then I realized it was a cricket ball. I picked up the ball and put it on the desk beside [1] _____. Two young boys appeared outside the broken window. They said they were sorry, but then they started arguing, with each blaming [2] _____ for causing the accident. Then suddenly one of them asked if [3] _____ could have the ball back. I said, 'I don't think [4] _____. Not until you pay for this broken window.' They looked at me, then at each other, and then they both started running.

1 a) *me* b) *mine* c) *my* d) *myself*
2 a) *another* b) *one other* c) *other* d) *the other*
3 a) *it* b) *then* c) *they* d) –
4 a) *it* b) *so* c) *that* d) –

20 Although they were described as the [1] _____ designs in many years, there isn't [2] _____ about the latest line of shoes from Santorelli. As one of the most famous designers [3] _____ Italy, Salvatore Santorelli is expected to do [4] _____ simply repeat the previous year's successful formula of 'smart casual' sandals.

1 a) *first Italian new* b) *first new Italian* c) *new first Italian* d) *Italian first new*
2 a) *anything new very* b) *anything very new* c) *new anything very* d) *very new anything*
3 a) *by* b) *in* c) *of* d) *to*
4 a) *as much as* b) *more than* c) *the best* d) *the most*

21 I remember when we stayed [1] _____ New York [2] _____ a few days [3] _____ last summer. It was really hot, even [4] _____ night, and I just felt miserable.

1 a) *at* b) *in* c) *into* d) –
2 a) *by* b) *during* c) *for* d) *in*
3 a) *at* b) *on* c) *in* d) –
4 a) *at* b) *by* c) *during* d) *in*

22 When we were students, my friends and I rented a cabin [1] _____ the mountains so that we could go hiking. It only cost us £55 for the whole week, not [2] _____ food, of course. One day, my friend Daniel got tired and stopped to rest, saying he'd catch [3] _____ later, but when he still hadn't returned to the cabin [4] _____ late afternoon, we started getting worried. Luckily, he met some men who lived in the area and they brought him back to the cabin before it got dark.

1 a) *above* b) *in* c) *on* d) *over*
2 a) *include* b) *included* c) *includes* d) *including*
3 a) *up us* b) *up with us* c) *us up* d) *with us up*
4 a) *by* b) *during* c) *in* d) *since*

23 When I visit big cities like Paris, I usually avoid [1] _____ to the most famous places because I really hate crowds. But it was no use [2] _____ that to my friend Tatjana because she was really eager [3] _____ the Mona Lisa in the Louvre and she refused [4] _____ outside while she went in.

1	a) *go*	b) *going*	c) *gone*	d) *to go*
2	a) *trying explain*	b) *trying to explain*	c) *to try explaining*	d) *to try to explain*
3	a) *for see*	b) *to see*	c) *in seeing*	d) *seeing*
4	a) *letting me to wait*	b) *letting me wait*	c) *to let me to wait*	d) *to let me wait*

24 At a time when it has become so important [1] _____ in school, we shouldn't be [2] _____ to learn that more students are cheating than ever before. With so many of them anxious about [3] _____, students also now seem to believe that those who cheat are unlikely [4] _____.

1	a) *succeed*	b) *succeeding*	c) *success*	d) *to succeed*
2	a) *surprise*	b) *surprised*	c) *surprises*	d) *surprising*
3	a) *fail*	b) *failed*	c) *failing*	d) *to fail*
4	a) *to catch*	b) *to be catching*	c) *to be caught*	d) *to have caught*

25 There was one student who asked about [1] _____ it was okay to use a dictionary during the exam and I had to tell her [2] _____ it. Then she started arguing [3] _____ me that her teacher always allowed her to use it in class. I had to remind [4] _____ was an exam, not a classroom exercise.

1	a) *if*	b) *that*	c) *whether*	d) *why*
2	a) *don't use*	b) *no use*	c) *no using*	d) *not to use*
3	a) *about*	b) *for*	c) *to*	d) *with*
4	a) *her it*	b) *that*	c) *that it*	d) –

26 Andrew Murphy, former managing director of Delco Electronics, has pleaded 'Not Guilty' to charges [1] _____ £5 million from the company. He claims not to know where [2] _____. He has suggested that an accountant [3] _____ the money. Investigators consider [4] _____ anyone else in the company could have committed the crime.

1	a) *stealing*	b) *that he stole*	c) *to have stolen*	d) *which he stole*
2	a) *did go the money*	b) *did the money go*	c) *the money went*	d) *went the money*
3	a) *is taking*	b) *should take*	c) *takes*	d) *took*
4	a) *it unlikely that*	b) *that it unlikely*	c) *that unlikely*	d) *unlikely that*

27 I've been looking for a special kind of brown cheese [1] _____ made in Norway, but [2] _____ name I can't remember. There was one woman I talked [3] _____ in the Gourmet Experience shop on King Street [4] _____ said they could order it for me if I could give her more information about it.

1	a) *it*	b) *that's*	c) *was*	d) *which*
2	a) *what*	b) *which*	c) *where*	d) *whose*
3	a) *to*	b) *to her*	c) *to whom*	d) –
4	a) *what*	b) *who*	c) *whom*	d) –

28 The term 'organic' can only be used to describe food [1] _____ in situations [2] _____ no artificial chemicals have been used. Anyone [3] _____ fertilizer [4] _____ containing chemicals to make tomatoes grow bigger, for example, is certainly not growing them organically.

1	a) *grown*	b) *that growing*	c) *where growing*	d) *which grown*
2	a) *how*	b) *that*	c) *where*	d) *which*
3	a) *use*	b) *used*	c) *uses*	d) *using*
4	a) *what*	b) *when*	c) *which*	d) –

29 [1] _____ their hair wasn't actually very long, rock groups such as the Beatles and the Rolling Stones were often criticized as 'long-haired' or 'needing haircuts' when they first became popular during the early 1960s. At that time men were sometimes considered effeminate if they [2] _____ long hair. The opposite was true for men who grew a beard [3] _____, of course, it was allowed to grow too long. Beards grow faster than hair and need more care. In fact, if the average man never trimmed his beard, it [4] _____ to nearly ten metres in his lifetime. Now, that's a lot of hair!

1	a) *Even though*	b) *If only*	c) *Unless*	d) *Whether*
2	a) *had*	b) *have*	c) *will have*	d) *would have*
3	a) *if*	b) *if not*	c) *only if*	d) *unless*
4	a) *grew*	b) *has grown*	c) *will grow*	d) *would grow*

30 I'm still waiting to find out if I passed the entrance exam. Perhaps I'll get the news later today when I [1] _____ to school. I promise I [2] _____ you as soon as I get the news. It's three weeks [3] _____ I took the exam, but my teacher warned me that they sometimes don't announce the results until more than a month [4] _____.

1	a) *go*	b) *have gone*	c) *going*	d) *will go*
2	a) *call*	b) *called*	c) *'ll call*	d) *'m calling*
3	a) *later*	b) *once*	c) *since*	d) *when*
4	a) *has passed*	b) *is passing*	c) *passed*	d) *will pass*

31 [1] _____ in most other sports players are usually trying to get the most goals or points [2] _____ win, the opposite is true in golf. In a game of golf, it is the lowest score that wins. Each player must try to get his or her ball in the hole [3] _____ as few shots as possible. For each hole there is a given number of shots called 'par'. [4] _____ a player uses one shot less than par, it's called a 'birdie' and one more than par is called a 'bogey'.

1	a) *Even although*	b) *In spite of*	c) *Instead of*	d) *Whereas*
2	a) *for*	b) *in order to*	c) *so that*	d) *such that*
3	a) *use*	b) *uses*	c) *used*	d) *using*
4	a) *As*	b) *Since*	c) *When*	d) *While*

32 [1] ..... our flight from London to Toronto was delayed because [2] ..... bad weather, we missed our connection to Vancouver and had to spend six hours in the airport [3] ..... for the next flight. [4] ..... being delayed, we still had a good trip and didn't feel too jet-lagged when we arrived.

1	a) *After*	b) *Although*	c) *If*	d) *So that*
2	a) *it*	b) *of*	c) *the*	d) *–*
3	a) *have waited*	b) *waited*	c) *waiting*	d) *were waiting*
4	a) *Although*	b) *As*	c) *Despite*	d) *Unless*

33 What the recent use of DNA testing has shown [1] ..... eyewitness testimony may not always be reliable. [2] ....., an eyewitness testified that he saw Arthur Medeiros with Annie Anderson shortly before the young woman was murdered and, [3] ..... that testimony, Medeiros was convicted and sent to prison. Not until much later [4] ..... discovered through DNA testing that someone other than Medeiros had been responsible for Anderson's death.

1	a) *is it*	b) *is that*	c) *it is*	d) *that is*
2	a) *For example*	b) *In addition*	c) *On the other hand*	d) *Therefore*
3	a) *afterwards*	b) *as a consequence*	c) *as a result of*	d) *subsequently*
4	a) *it was*	b) *they*	c) *was*	d) *was it*

34 Do you sometimes feel anxious or irritable when you're driving? It may be the smell inside your car [1] ..... is determining how you feel. A recent study of American drivers found that the smell of peppermint or cinnamon improved their performance by reducing anxiety more than 20 per cent. Alertness [2] ..... increased by almost 30 per cent. [3] ....., the smell of cakes or fast food made drivers more irritable and caused them to speed, probably because those smells stimulate hunger [4] ..... make drivers more anxious to get where they're going sooner.

1	a) *it*	b) *that*	c) *what*	d) *which*
2	a) *also*	b) *as well*	c) *besides*	d) *moreover*
3	a) *In conclusion*	b) *In contrast*	c) *In other words*	d) *In particular*
4	a) *and*	b) *as a result of*	c) *consequently and*	d) *however didn't*